

On approval of the Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains

Invalidated Unofficial translation

Order of the Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated March 17, 2020, No. 93. Registered with the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan on March 24, 2020, No. 20161. Abolished by Order of the Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated November 25, 2022 No. 391

Unofficial translation

Footnote. Abolished by Order of the Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated November 25, 2022 No. 391 (effective after ten calendar days after the date of its first official publication).

In accordance with subparagraph 46-28) of Article 8 of the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated July 10, 2002 "On Veterinary Medicine" **I HEREBY ORDER**:

- 1. To approve the attached Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains.
- 2. The Department of Veterinary, Phytosanitary and Food Safety of the Ministry of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan, in the manner prescribed by law, shall ensure:
- 1) state registration of this order with the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 2) posting this Order on the Internet resource of the Ministry of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan after its official publication.
- 3. Control over the execution of this Order shall be entrusted to the supervising Vice-Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- 4. This Order shall come into effect upon the expiration of ten calendar days after the day of its first official publication.

Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan

S. Omarov

Approved by Order of the Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated March 17, 2020, No. 93

The Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains

Chapter 1. General Provisions

- 1. These Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains (hereinafter referred to as the Rules) have been developed in accordance with subparagraph 46-28) of Article 8 of the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated July 10, 2002 "On Veterinary Medicine" (hereinafter referred to as the Law) and shall determine the procedure for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains used in veterinary medicine.
- 2. Deposition of microorganism strains, maintenance of the National collection of deposited microorganism strains shall be carried out by the republican state enterprise on the right of economic management "National Reference Center for Veterinary Medicine" of the Committee of Veterinary Control and Supervision of the Ministry of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan (hereinafter referred to as the Organization).
 - 3. The following concepts shall be used in these Rules:
- 1) depositor an individual or legal entity that has applied for depositing a microorganism strain;
- 2) department of the authorized body in the field of veterinary medicine (hereinafter referred to as the Department) the Committee of Veterinary Control and Supervision of the Ministry of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 3) depositing microorganism strains transfer of a microorganism strain to an organization, registration, storage, and delivery of a sample of a microorganism strain to interested parties;
- 4) culture of a microorganism a set (population) of viable microorganisms grown on a nutrient medium;
 - 5) strain a pure culture of a microorganism.
- 4. The costs of storing microorganism strains in the National Collection of deposited microorganism strains used in veterinary medicine shall be financed from budgetary funds in accordance with subparagraph 7) of paragraph 1 of Article 35 of the Law.
- 5. Deposition of microorganism strains used in veterinary medicine, which are not subject to storage in the National Collection of Deposited Microorganism strains, shall be carried out at the expense of the depositor in accordance with subparagraph 6-2) of paragraph 2 of Article 35 of the Law.
- 6. The organization shall accept for deposit the causative agents of animal diseases (bacteria, viruses, pathogenic fungi, protozoa) used in veterinary medicine, as well as those obtained as a result of scientific research and in the diagnosis of animal diseases.

Chapter 2. Procedure for depositing microorganism strains

- 7. Depositing microorganism strains in the organization shall be carried out by depositors.
 - 8. The procedure for depositing shall be divided into initial and re-depositing.

Paragraph 1. Initial depositing procedure

9. To deposit a microorganism strain, a depositor shall apply to deposit a microorganism strain in the form in accordance with Annex 1 to these Rules.

The following documents shall be attached to the application:

a petition for depositing a microorganism in the form in accordance with Annex 2 to these Rules;

passport of the microorganism strain transferred for deposit in the form in accordance with Annex 3 to these Rules;

passport of the virus strain transferred for deposition in the form in accordance with Annex 4 to these Rules;

if necessary, methodological recommendations (instructions, rules) with a complete and detailed description of the studies of the microorganism strain (progress of work, manipulations);

a document confirming the genetic characteristics of the deposited strain of the microorganism;

the strain of the microorganism.

To receive a microorganism strain, by the decision of the head of the organization or the person performing his duties, a commission shall be created.

The commission, within 3 (three) working days from the date of receipt of the microorganism strain, shall check the condition of the package, the conformity of the enclosed material to the application, its appearance and draw up a corresponding act in any form, one copy of which shall be sent to the depositor's address.

- 10. When transferring a microorganism strain to an organization, the following requirements shall be observed:
- 1) the strain of the microorganism shall be presented in a lyophilized or frozen (cryo-preserved) or a native state with observance of the temperature regime during transportation, depending on the strain of the microorganism (confirmed by temperature sensors or other devices);
- 2) ampoules (vials), test tubes containing the deposited material shall be hermetically sealed and supplied with labels with the name of the microorganism strain , date of manufacture.
- 11. The deposited microorganism shall be transferred to the organization in quantity and form based on practical and scientific needs. The number of containers (test tube, vial, ampoule, cryovial) for viruses shall be at least ten, for bacteria at least five, for pathogenic fungi at least five.

12. Microorganism strains corresponding to the following properties shall be transferred for deposition:

have an antigenic structure typical of the species (family, genus, serovar); correspond to morphological, cultural, enzymatic characteristics;

have rather apparent useful properties (high infectious and antigenic activity, immunogenicity);

have the ability to cultivate on artificial nutrient media or in the body of naturally susceptible animals (bird embryos), cell culture without changing the original biological properties.

- 13. A microorganism strain shall not significantly lose its original biological properties within 5 (five) years, subject to the temperature storage regime.
- 14. The microorganism strains entering the deposit are subject to mandatory checks for purity and viability.
- 15. The microorganism strains deposited in the organization shall be registered in the register of the movement of microorganism strains used in veterinary medicine in the form according to Annex 20 to the Order of the Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated February 25, 2014, No. 16-07/114 "On approval of forms of veterinary accounting and reporting" (registered in the State Register of Normative Legal Acts under No. 9342) using binomial Latin names, reflecting their belonging to certain genera and species.

Registered systematic groups of microorganisms have the following designations: B - bacterium, AV - animal virus, BV - bacterial virus (bacteriophage), P - protozoa, F - pathogenic fungus.

16. When depositing a microorganism strain, a collection number shall be assigned. The collection number assigned to a microorganism strain shall not change during transmission.

If a microorganism strain is lost (written off), it shall be prohibited to assign its collection number to another microorganism strain.

17. After establishing the viability and purity of the strain of the microorganism, but no later than two months after the date of transfer of the strain of the microorganism, the organization shall issue a certificate of deposit to the depositor in the form in accordance with Annex 5 to these Rules.

The certificate of deposit shall be accompanied by a passport of the collection strain of the microorganism in the form in accordance with Annex 6 to these Rules.

For microorganism strains accepted for storage and passed the deposit procedure, the organization shall fill out an information card in the form in accordance with Annex 7 to these Rules.

- 18. The deposit shall be considered complete from the moment the deposit certificate is sent to the depositor in the form in accordance with Annex 5 to these Rules.
 - 19. The organization shall refuse to deposit a microorganism strain if:
- 1) the properties of the microorganism are so exceptional that the organization is technically unable to carry out its functions;
- 2) the material was obtained in a state that indicates that the microorganism is absent, or the presented culture of the microorganism is not viable, or it contains the presence of contamination (contamination) by foreign microorganisms;
- 3) the strain does not meet the requirements of viability and purity. In this case, the depositor is allowed to repeat the deposit procedure.
- 20. In case of loss of a strain of microorganism viability, the organization, within five working days from the date of establishment of the fact of loss, shall send a written notification to the depositor indicating the reason for the loss and with a proposal to re-deposit the strain of the microorganism.
- 21. If there is no response within a month after sending the corresponding notification or the strain of the microorganism to the depositor, the strain shall be written off.

Paragraph 2. Procedure for re-depositing

- 22. Re-deposition shall be carried out in case of loss of the deposited strain of the microorganism viability.
- 23. A depositor for re-depositing a microorganism strain to the organization shall submit a written application for re-depositing a microorganism strain in the form in accordance with Annex 8 to these Rules.

The following shall be attached to the application:

copy of the certificate of deposit;

the strain of the microorganism.

24. When re-depositing, the strain of the microorganism shall be checked for purity and viability, and the depositor shall be reissued a certificate of deposit in the form in accordance with Annex 5 to these Rules.

When re-depositing, a copy of the certificate of the viability of the deposited microorganism in the form in accordance with Annex 9 to these Rules shall be attached to the certificate of deposit.

Paragraph 3. Issuance of a certificate of viability

25. The organization shall check the viability of each strain of microorganism deposited in it:

- 1) immediately after receiving it;
- 2) at appropriate intervals, depending on the type of microorganism and possible storage conditions, or at any time if it is necessary for technical reasons;
 - 3) at any time at the request of the depositor.
- 26. The organization shall additionally check any biological properties (signs) of a microorganism strain, as well as sequencing its genome or a specific region of the molecule of deoxyribonucleic acid, ribonucleic acid to identify genetic markers and develop a genetic passport.
- 27. The organization, in cases where the determination of viability gives controversial results or when it involves significant technical difficulties, shall involve the depositor in the implementation of the verification.
- 28. The organization shall issue a certificate of the viability of the deposited microorganism:
 - 1) to the depositor at his request;
- 2) to an individual or legal entity other than the depositor, to whom the deposited strain of the microorganism was issued upon their official request.
- 29. The certificate of the viability of the deposited microorganism shall be drawn up in the form in accordance with Annex 9 to these Rules.

Chapter 3. Procedure for maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains

- 30. Microorganism strains existing in the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as obtained as a result of scientific research, in the diagnosis of animal diseases, are subject to storage in the National Collection of deposited microorganism strains used in veterinary medicine.
- 31. The organization shall carry out the deposition of strains in the following forms : deposition for the storage of microorganism strains and national patent deposition of microorganism strains.

Paragraph 1. Deposition for storage of microorganism strains

32. The organization accepts microorganism strains of interest for organizations, developers, and manufacturers of veterinary drugs or research purposes for storage in the National Collection of Deposited Microorganism Strains.

Information on microbial strains stored in the National Collection of Deposited Microbial Strains shall be publicly available.

33. A depositor who has transferred a microorganism strain for storage to the National Collection of Deposited Microorganism strains shall subsequently be allowed to receive a sample of the deposited strain of microorganisms from the organization.

Paragraph 2. National patent deposit of a microorganism strain (deposit to file an application for a scientific invention)

- 34. National patent deposit of a microorganism strain shall be carried out if it is planned to apply for a patent for a microorganism strain or a method of its use.
- 35. After establishing the viability and purity of the strain of the microorganism, the depositor shall be issued a certificate of deposit of the microorganism in the form in accordance with Annex 5 to these Rules, indicating the assigned collection number.
- 36. The implementation of the deposit and information on the deposited strain of the microorganism is confidential, as well as the strain of the microorganism itself until the receipt of a patent and with the consent of the depositor.

Chapter 4. Issuance of microorganism strains from the National collection of deposited microorganism strains

- 37. Issuance of microorganism strains stored in an organization from the National Collection of Deposited Microorganism strains shall be carried out in agreement with the department and based on an official request from individuals or legal entities, which indicates the purpose of the request for strains.
- 38. A prerequisite for providing microorganism strains to individuals or legal entities shall be their technical capabilities to work with microorganism strains. Organizations shall be allowed to request appropriate written confirmation.
- 39. Claims from recipients of microorganism strains to the quality of the transferred material shall be accepted within one month from the date of their issue.
- 40. The recipient shall use the microorganism strains obtained from the organization exclusively for the purposes specified in the official request.
 - 41. The organization shall issue the deposited strain of the microorganism:
 - 1) to the depositor upon his written request;
- 2) to an individual or legal entity other than the depositor who submitted an official request and provided that this request is accompanied by the depositor's written permission to issue a sample of the deposited strain of the microorganism with the consent of the authors for use in research work.
- 42. When issuing a microorganism strain, the organization shall provide the following documentation:
- 1) a letter of guarantee indicating the type of strain of the microorganism, which is drawn up in any form;
- 2) an extract from the passport of the collection strain of the microorganism in the form in accordance with Annex 10 to these Rules;
- 3) an act of transfer of microorganism strains outside the organization in the form in accordance with Annex 11 to these Rules.

43. Release (receipt) of microorganism strains within the organization shall be carried out only with the written permission of the head of the organization with the preparation of an act of transfer of microorganism strains within the laboratory (organization) in the form in accordance with Annex 12 to these Rules and an entry in the relevant journals.

When transferring microorganisms for temporary storage, it is necessary to draw up an act of transfer of microorganisms for (after) temporary storage in accordance with Annex 13 to these Rules.

44. Transportation of microorganism strains shall be carried out in compliance with the Sanitary Rules "Sanitary and Epidemiological Requirements for Laboratories Using Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances" approved by Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated September 8, 2017, No. 684 (registered in the State Register of Normative Legal Acts under No. 15990) and the Rules for the carriage of dangerous goods by road and the list of dangerous goods allowed for carriage by motor vehicles on the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan, approved by Order of the Acting Minister for Investment and Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated April 17, 2015, No. 460 (registered in the State Register of Normative Legal Acts under No. 11779).

Chapter 5. Procedure for storage and refreshment of deposited microorganism strains, including the National collection of deposited microorganism strains

45. Microorganism strains shall be stored in separate rooms, in refrigerators (fireproof cabinets, safes) separately by groups (genera).

Refrigerators, cabinets, safes shall be sealed at the end of the working day.

- 46. Responsible persons for storage of microorganism strains shall daily control the temperature of storage of microorganism strains.
- 47. Storage of microorganism strains shall be carried out in accordance with the passport of the collection strain of the microorganism, which also reflects the biological activity and frequency of crops.
- 48. Containers containing microorganism strains shall have clear, indelible inscriptions or firmly glued labels indicating the name of the strain of the microorganism, collection number, and date of reseeding (lyophilization).
- 49. The responsible employees shall annually determine, according to the storage card, the microorganism strains to be refreshed.
- 50. Refreshment works shall be carried out in a "clean" box, where at the time of the study no work is carried out with other microorganism strains.
- 51. Employees responsible for refreshing microorganism strains shall receive microorganism strains from the organization get acquainted with the passport and available documentary characteristics.

- 52. The employee responsible for the refreshing of the microorganism strain shall completely maintain the documentation on its movement accounting, prepare an act of opening a container with microorganisms to inoculate or destruction, an act of destroying the microorganism strain in the forms in accordance with Appendices 14 and 15 to these Rules, and based on the results of virus refreshing, a test report shall be drawn up in the form in accordance with Annex 16 to these Rules.
 - 53. Storage of strains by a microorganism in a native form shall be allowed.
- 54. Freeze-drying (lyophilization) of microorganism strains in ampoules (vials) shall be carried out in the drying apparatus. Pre-freezing shall be carried out either in a low-temperature refrigerator at minus 50-70 degrees Celsius, or in a chamber of a sublimation apparatus. For each strain of the microorganism, the most gentle lyophilization mode shall be selected.
- 55. It shall be allowed to dry only one strain of the microorganism in the apparatus at a time.
- 56. Reactivation of microorganism strains with subsequent inoculating of a lyophilized strain from an ampoule shall be carried out as follows:
- 1) the sealed end of the ampoule is pretreated with alcohol using a cotton swab and heated over the burner flame;
- 2) to form a crack, a sterile cotton swab (cotton plug) moistened with sterile water is applied to the heated end;
- 3) with tweezers, a scalpel (or other suitable instruments), the end of the ampoule breaks off along the crack, observing sterility;
 - 4) a cotton swab inside the ampoule (if any) is removed with tweezers;
 - 5) using a pipette, sterile water (saline) is inserted into the ampoule;
- 6) after twenty minutes of reactivation at room temperature, the suspension may be used to inoculate the culture medium.
- 57. Cryopreservation of bacterial samples shall be used for long-term storage of microorganism strains.

Chapter 6. Procedure for amending the documentation of a deposited microorganism strain

58. The depositor shall make additions to the scientific description and (or) taxonomic definition of the microorganism strain. Any addition shall be made in the form of a written message in any form.

Chapter 7. Procedure for inventory and write-off of a microorganism strain

59. The organization, once every 5 (five) years, shall consider the issue of the value of a microorganism strain for its further storage, including storage of deposited microorganism strains in the National Collection.

- 60. The inventory procedure shall include the identification of all available microorganism strains.
- 61. If the organization decides to write off the strain of the microorganism, the department shall be notified in advance in writing, and subsequently, an information letter is sent to the depositor indicating the reason and date of its implementation.

Annex 1
to the Rules for depositing
microorganism strains,
maintaining the National collection
of deposited microorganism strains
The form
To the republican state
enterprise on the right of
economic management
"National Reference
Center for Veterinary Medicine" of
the Committee of Veterinary
Control and Supervision of the
Ministry of Agriculture of the
Republic of Kazakhstan

Application for depositing a microorganism strain

The depositor	
hereby request to deposit the microorganism strain from	
1. Individual identification number/Business identification number	ber
2. Address of the place of residence and registration/Address address):	s of location (legal
(zip code, city (region), district, street, house (office) number)	
3. Contact phones (fax number):	
4. The following documents are attached to the application:	
The head of the depositor:	
(surname, name, patronymic (if any)) (signature) Date: " " 20	

Annex 2
to the Rules for depositing
microorganism strains,
maintaining the National collection
of deposited microorganism
strains
The form

Application for the deposit of a microorganism

The depositor
applies for the deposit of the microorganism for registration and storage with the subsequent filing of an application for an invention in the Republic of Kazakhstan.
1. Name of the microorganism
2. Cultivation conditions
3. Preservation conditions
4. Storage conditions
5. Reactivation conditions
6. Conditions for the viability test
7. Components of the consortium (if applicable)
Description of components
9. Scientific description and/or taxonomic definition of the microorganism
— 10. Certificate of the results of testing the culture or consortium for pathogenicity and/or
indication of properties that pose a threat to the environment
_
Head of the depositor:

(surname, name, patron Date: " " 20	ymic (if any))	(signature)			
			mio maintaini	croorganising the Nati	depositing m strains, onal collection rganism strains
Passport of the strain of the 1	nicroorganism	transferred fo	""	ition	20
1. Nomenclature data:	v. vo.g		r depos.		
Collection number					
Genus	Туре		Subspeci	ies, variant	
The number assigned by the depositor	Synonyms:		1	,	
Accepted:			Date of r	eceiving:	
2. Origin: excreted fron	n or externally	<i>7</i> :			
Separated from					
(organism, soil and other sources)		Parent strain(s), identification link, location (collection)			-4: (114:)
Location of sampling site for separation	on				ation (collection)
Separation method (environment and	conditions)				
Separated by					
Identified by (bibliographic link to the	e identifier)	Method of creation (environment, mutagen, exposure conditions)			ıtagen, exposure
Compared with type strain (collection	number)				
Description of the species is given in	the book:	-			
Identified by date		Created by		date	
3. Biotechnological cha	racteristics:				
The name of the produced substance, application for an invention		ourposes of the stra	in that ser	ved as the	basis for filing an
The composition of the medium are conditions that ensure the maximum properties:		Product yield, act	ivity level	, productiv	ity:
		Method of determ	ination (te	esting):	
Other features:					

Morphological and cultural properties

4. Vegetative cells:

Environment, temperature, age, growt	th conditions	
Shape, color, dimensions	Outlines of the ends	Gram stain
Acid resistance	Cell wall type	Breeding type
Divergence type during division, cell aggregates	Mobility (type, nature of flagellation)	Organelles, inclusions, vacuoles
Buds, prostheses, drank, appendages	Capsule, covers	Ultrastructure features

5. Formation of specialized cells (spores, cysts):

Environment, temperature, age, in	nducing conditions	
Cell type(s)	The nature of formation (for spores: exo- or endogenous)	Cell shape
Number and location of cells	Shape, size of cells	Cell type and conditions
Other features:		

6. Characteristics of colonies on dense medium:

Environment, temperature, age, growth conditions	Size	Shape, profile, edge, mobility	surface (S or R)	Surface color, backside, fluorescence, transparency, the release of pigments into the medium
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7. Growth in a liquid medium

Environment temperature, age, growth conditions	Growth pattern (film, ring, sediment, turbidity, growth along the tube wall)
Changes in the environment (coloration, fluorescence, odor, pH change, precipitation)	Other features

Physiology - biochemical properties

- 8. Belonging to the trophic group: photoautotrophs, photo heterotrophs, chemoautotrophs, chemo heterotrophs; definition conditions:
 - 9. Donors (D) and acceptors (A) of electrons in the photo- and chemosynthesis:
 - 10. Types of catabolism: respiration, anaerobic respiration, fermentation; terms:
 - 11. Symbiotrophic relationships (predation, parasitism), partners, conditions:

12. Attitude to:

Oxygen (aerobic, microaero	philic, aerotolerant, or severe	e anaerobic)			
Light (spectrum, intensity)	Temperature (maximum, minimum, optimum)	, ,	Antibacterial concentration)	agents	(
Phage	Osmo- and halotolerance		Other factors		

13. Other characteristic physiological features of metabolism:

Differentiating and diagnostic enzym	es	Impact on diagnostic substrates (gelatin, starch, esculin)
Typical fermentation products	Formation of hydrogen sulfide, indole	Other features

14. Marker signs of the strain and methods for their detection:

Genetic (special mutations)	Physiological (auxotrophy)
Biochemical	Immunochemical

eins, cyt		nes	roperties:	Name, address, and telephone
eins, cyt n the j bout d name, ic (if the	osition, mycolic a cochromes, quinor presence of p lepositors:	nes pathogenic p		
eins, cyton the pout doname, ic (if the	presence of plepositors:	nes pathogenic p		
n the pout doname, ic (if the	presence of plepositors:	pathogenic p		
n the pout doname, ic (if the	presence of plepositors:	pathogenic p		
name, ic (if the	lepositors:			
name, ic (if the		Signature	Date	
				Annex 4
				The form pproved by
			""	20
		_	nternational	terminology), symbo
m, wl	nen, and from	n what spec	ies of animal	ls the virus was isolate
stituti	on the strain	was obtaine	ed, date of re	eceipt
:] - -	om, wh	om, when, and from	om, when, and from what speci	train transferred for deposit the virus and strain (accepted international om, when, and from what species of animal astitution the strain was obtained, date of restitution the strain was obtained, date of restitution the strain was obtained.

and its intended purpose

<i></i>	Hemagglutinating properties (titer)
	Serological characteristics (antigenic properties) of the strain: mpliment binding reaction
— Dif	fuse precipitation reaction
– Her	magglutination delay reaction
— Нус	drogen index (hereinafter referred to as pH)
tic	e strain (epizootic, vaccine, industrial, museum, laboratory) and its intended
5. V	Where (in which institution) is the duplicate strain stored
	Basic properties characterizing the strain (taxonomy): the species to which the rain is assigned
7. I	Prevailing tropism (epitheliotropy, neutrotropicity)
	usceptible animals (naturally susceptible and laboratory), methods of infection, ubation period
<u> </u>	Immunogenicity of the strain
	2. The titer of the virus strain (indicate the biological system on which it is ned)

14. Basic storage conditions of the strain: Storage temperature
Composition of the medium and stabilizer
pH of the medium
Permissible storage time without "refreshing"
15. Type of closure
16. Maintaining and "refreshing" the strain: Cell cultures (type of cells)
Developing bird embryos
Laboratory or farm animals
Frequency and time of the last refreshing 17. Stability of the main properties of the strain during long-term storage and maintenance:
Saving title
Titer activity
Preservation of immunogenicity
Stability of the genetic properties of the virus
In what form and quantity the strain is issued (sent). Recommendations for transportation and "freshening"
Additional information about the strain (bacterial sterility; absence of foreign pathogenic viruses contaminants)
20. To whom is the strain issued (where it is sent)

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22. Date	of issue (dep	oarture)			
No.	Surname, name patronymic (if any) of the depositor (s)		Signature	date	Name, address, and telephone
l					
Storage card				Attach to the passp virus transmitte	ort of the
	n number on and stora	ge of the strain	n storage on a 1	nutrient mediu	ım:
Pre-Cultivation	Storage				
Environment, aeration, inoculation method (streak, prick), age (growth phase), conditions inducing the formation of spores of resting cells	Storage temperature	Recommended timing of reseeding	Maximum pot life	Changing properties during storage	Source of information
Storage u	nder mineral	oil:			
Pre-Cultivation	Storage				
Environment, aeration, anoculation method (streak, prick), age (growth phase), conditions anducing the formation of spores of resting peells	Storage temperature	Recommended timing of reseeding	Maximum pot life	Changing properties during storage	Source of information
Storage in	water or aq	ueous solution	is:		
Pre-cultivation	Sto	orage			
Environment, aeration,					

inoculation method (streak , prick or), age (growth phase) , conditions inducing the formation of spores of resting cells Water solution) (Storage temperature	Recommended timing of reseeding Maximum life	Changing properties Source of during storage information
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Freeze-dried (l-dried) storage:

	1	,				
Pre-cultivation	Lyophilization	(L-drying)				
Environment, temperature, aeration, age (growth phase), conditions inducing the formation of spores of resting cells	Protective environment	C e l l concentration	Calibration time and temperature	Lyophilization mode (L-drying)	Residual moisture	Storage temperature

Storage at low (from minus 20 degrees Celsius to 90 degrees Celsius) and ultra-low temperatures (in liquid nitrogen and its vapors):

Pre-cultivation	Conservation					
Environment, temperature, aeration, age (growth phase), conditions inducing spore formation	Preservation material: suspension agar blocks	Cryoprotectant	C e l l concentration	Equilibration time and temperature	Conservation mode	Storage

Annex 5
to the Rules for depositing
microorganism strains,
maintaining the National collection
of deposited microorganism strains
The form

Deposit certificate

for an individ	ual - last name first n	ame, patronymic (if any),	
`	ŕ	, 1	-11
L	, ,	- name, location (legal address	5))
1. Name of the	microorganism		

(name, collection-number)2. Scientific description and/or taxonomic definit	ion of a microorganism family:
gender:	
type:	
The microorganism named in paragraph 1 wadeposit, including: passport	as accompanied by a request for
3. Receipt and acceptance It is hereby stated to	that the microorganism named in
paragraph 1 has been deposited for storage	
4. Date of deposit	
5. Organization Head of the laboratory:	
, and the second	
(surname, name, patronymic (if any)) (signature) Date: " " 20 Passport of the collection strain of the microorganism	Annex 6 to the Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains The form Approved by
rassport of the conection strain of the inicroorganism	
Strain number:	

5 Dillian alia a Canana da da ilandicia.
5. Bibliographic reference to the identifier: 6. Cultural marphalogical and higherical abarratoristics of the
6. Cultural, morphological and biochemical characteristics of the
train 7. Serological properties:
8. Biological properties in laboratory animals (pathogenicity)
9. Scope of the strain:
10. Method, conditions and composition of media for long-term storage of the
train:
11. Method, conditions and composition of media for the propagation of the strain:
12. Conditions and composition of the fermentation medium:
13. Genetic characteristics of the strain (resistance to antibiotics, phages)
14. Is the strain (yes, no): zoopathogenic? phytopathogenic? - is it dangerous for other reasons? if yes, explain: 15. Reasons for deposit:
a) for the purpose of storage and delivery of samples:
b) for the purpose of filing an application for an invention:
16. The author requests to be informed about requests for the strain (yes, no):
17. Information about the strain is included in the collection catalog prior to obtaining a patent (yes, no):
18. The author is informed that the strain will be investigated and included in the National Collection of Deposited Microorganism Strains, culture samples will be distributed in accordance with the current regulatory legal acts, covering the collection costs (yes, no):
The authors restore the strain in the National Collection of deposited nicroorganism strains in case of loss of their viability.

xpiration of 3 (three) year 19. Depositor details: _		-	
The name of the organi	zation where the s	train was	obtained:
Author or group of auth	hors:		
Address, fax, telephone	of the depositor:		
	he patent holder:		
Filed application	-	date	ed
Patent	No.	dated	
Addressee and his coor			
Head of the laboratory:			
ricad of the laboratory.			
formation card			microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains The form
Nomenclature data:			
enus	Type, subspecies (option	n)	Type
uthor(s) and year of description			
ollection number in the World irectory of Crop Collections	Acronym for collection		TP1 / ' 1 ' 11 /1
ynonyms:			The strain number assigned by the collection
ages:	110101111111111111111111111111111111111		
History:			
History:	Type, subspecies (option	n)	
History: ccepted as (genus)	Type, subspecies (option	n)	collection
History: ccepted as (genus) ccepted (person or collection, their	Type, subspecies (option address)	n)	Date Accepted day/month/year
	Type, subspecies (option address)	n)	Date Accepted day/month/year Strain designation

Availability in other collections

The author will inform in writing about the receipt of the patent before the

Origin:

Isolated from (if from a plant, animal specific name, as well as the trivial name)	Anatomical part (if possible)	
Location		
Republic or region, state or province	Nearest settlement	Distance and direction from city (area)
Height above sea level	Latitude (North or South)	Longitude (East or West)
Separated by	Strain designation	Date day/month/year
Identified by:		Date day/month/year

Maintaining:

Storage method (please specify)				
a) in the material from which it was isolated				
b) on agar medium				
c) lyophilized culture				
d) in liquid nitrogen				
e) in the soil				
f) under oil				
g) dried on beads				
h) other (specify)				
Storage temperature				
Storage environment				
Cultivation medium (name, give a link, or indicate the composition on a separate page) Temperature				
Growth conditions (eg: aerobic, anaerobic, special gas, li	ght)			
Incubation time	Reseeding period			

Special properties, application (for example typical strain, citric acid producer): Links (author, journal, volume, page, year):

1.		
2.		
3.		

Annex 8
to the Rules for depositing
microorganism strains,
maintaining the National collection
of deposited microorganism strains

The form

To the republican state
enterprise on the right of
economic management
"National Reference
Center for Veterinary Medicine" of
the Committee for Veterinary
Control and Supervision of the
Ministry of Agriculture of the
Republic of Kazakhstan

The depositor
confirms that the newly deposited microorganism is the same as the one deposited initially and requests to re-deposit the microorganism strain
1. Reason for re-deposit (underline as required):
1) the initially deposited microorganism is not viable
2) other reasons (specify which ones)
2. Date of receipt of the relevant notification
3. Individual identification number/Business identification number
4. Address at the place of residence and registration/Address of location (legal address):
(zip code, city (region), district, street, house (office) number) 5. Contact phones (fax number):
6. Latest scientific description and/or taxonomic definition of the microorganism in
relation to the initial deposit *
Head of the depositor:
(surname, name, patronymic (if any)) (signature) Date: " " 20 Note:
* the passport of the strain of the microorganism is attached.
Annex 9
to the Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains The form
Viability certificate of the deposited microorganism
(name of organization) 1. Depositor
(name and/or name of the organization, address) 2. Microorganism

(name and registration number assigned by the	he collection)
3. Date of deposit:	
4. Date of transfer (if any):	
5. Certificate of viability	
It is hereby confirmed that the viability of the	
(the above microorganism) has been tested and t	ne said microorganism is:
viable	
unviable	
4. Conditions under which the viability study	was conducted
5. Organization:	
Head of the laboratory:	
(surname, name, patronymic (if any))	(signature)
(2012111110, 1101110, putt 211, 11110 (21 1111)))	Date: " " 20
	Annex 10
	to the Rules for depositing microorganism strains,
	maintaining the National collection
	of deposited microorganism strains
	The form
Extract from the passport of the collection strain of	the microorganism
1. Name of the genus, species, subspecies of	the microorganism:
2. Strain catalog number:	
3. Characteristic of pathogenicity:	
4. Source of separation of the strain (sub	strate, geographical location, date of
separation):	
5. Practical value of the strain:	
6. Cultivation conditions:	
6.1. Composition of culture media	

6.2. pH of the medium	
6.3. Growing temperature and duration	
6.4. The shelf life of the strain with periodic 7. Form of issue of the strain from the colle	
Head of the laboratory	
(surname, name, patronymic (if any)) Date: " " 20	(signature)
	Annex 11
	to the Rules for depositing microorganism strains,
	maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains The form
The act of transferring microorganism strains out	side the organization
dated 20 No We, the undersigned,	
— (position, surname, name, patronymic (if a place of transmission)	any) of the transmitting microorganism,
(position, surname, name, patronymic (if are compiled this act stating that, according to	
transfer of the microorganism	
(species name, strain number, number of o	

(surname, name, patronymic (if any)) (signature) Accepted by:	
(surname, name, patronymic (if any)) (signature)	
	Annex 12 to the Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains The form Approved Head of the Organization
	(last name, first name, patronymic (if any)) "" 20
The act of transfer of microorganism strains within the 20 No We, the undersigned,	
20No We, the undersigned, (position, last name, first name, patronymic (if a	
20No We, the undersigned,	
	mic (if any) of the pathogenic order the head of the laboratory
	mic (if any) of the pathogenic order the head of the laboratory
	mic (if any) of the pathogenic order the head of the laboratory unism was transferred:

(last name, first name, patronymic (if Accepted by:	
(last name, first name, patronymic (if	any)) (signature)
	Annex 13 to the Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains The form Approved Head of the laboratory
	(last name, first name, patronymic
	(if any)) ""20
microorganism, place of transfer)	ic (if any) of the transmitting, receiving the g to the order of the head of the laboratory
, the microor	ganism was transferred:
(species name, strain number, num without the right to reseeding) Packaged in	nber of objects, transfer conditions: with or
The specified microorganisms are in	
(number of the room, safe, and refrige	erator) Simultaneously transferred to

Transferred by:	
(last name, first name, patronymic (if any)) (signature) Accepted by:	
surname, name, patronymic (if any)) (signatu	ıre)
Surfame, name, patronymie (ir any)) (signate	Annex 14
	to the Rules for depositing
	microorganism strains,
	maintaining the National collection
	of deposited microorganism strains The form
	Approved
	Head of the laboratory
	(surname, name, patronymic
	(if any)
act of opening a container with microorganisms	"" (if any) 20 s to inoculate or destruction
act of opening a container with microorganisms 120No. We, the undersigned,	s to inoculate or destruction
20No.	s to inoculate or destruction
We, the undersigned,	(if any))
We, the undersigned,	if any))
We, the undersigned,	if any), who gave permission)

for the purpose of (inoculating a microorganism or its destruction) The container(s) with the remnants of the pathogenic microorganism was (were) disinfected		
date) (autoclaving mode)		
in		
(name of the disinfectant solution, its concentre Date of opening the container(s)		
	(signatures)	
	Annex 15	
	to the Rules for depositing	
	microorganism strains,	
	maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains	
	The form	
	Approved	
	Head of the laboratory	
	(surname, name, patronymic (if any))	
	""20	
The act of destruction of a strain of microorganisms		
dated 20 No		
We, the undersigned,		
		
(position, last name, first name, patronymic (if	(any))	
according to the permission of		
— (position, last name, first name, patronymic (if	(any)), who gave permission)	
(number and date of permission) destroyed mi	croorganism	

by autoclaving			or immersion
itoclaving mode) in			
`		•	tration, disinfection time)
		(signatu	ares)
			Annex 16 to the Rules for depositing microorganism strains, maintaining the National collection of deposited microorganism strains microorganisms The form
est report ated ""	20to "_		20
			
The purpose of the	ne experiment _		
The purpose of th	ne experiment _		
The purpose of the	ne experiment _		
The purpose of the	ne experiment _		

	
	
	
	
Research results	
Research results	
	
	
Conclusion	
Conclusion	
	
	
Performers:	
	
(surname, name, patronymic (if any))	(signature)
	(Signature)
Date: "" 20	
Date. 20	

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